Lossy Compression	Lossless Compression
Many images hosted on the web are in a file format that uses lossy compression. This ensures the images load quickly and do not use too much bandwidth.  File size will reduce but clarity of image is look like blur image.	An image treated with lossless compression should appear basically identical to the original, but should have a much smaller file size.  While lossless compression can reduce image file sizes by as much as 40%, it is still less effective than lossy compression for reducing file size and optimizing images for the web.
Transform coding is a lossy image compression algorithm that often uses a technique called discrete cosine transform (DCT), which is a way to mathematically represent a file using less information. JPEG relies on transform coding.	Run-length encoding (RLE) is a lossless compression algorithm that encodes repeated pixels. For instance, if there are eight white pixels in a row, instead of writing out all eight pixels (like WWWWWWWW), it records the number of pixels (like 8W).
JPEG, WebP, HEIF, etc.	PNG, GIF, BMP, etc.

## Lossy file formats.

There are a number of different 'lossy files'. Here are the main ones you might come across.

JPEG — This standard image file is the go-to choice for non-transparent online images.

MP3 — A standard audio file, often out of favour with the most discerning audiofiles due to lossy compression. Just like a compressed image, compressed audio can remove the ambience and richness from the original recording.

JPEG 2000 — This next-gen JPEG format offers flexibility between lossless and lossy compression. JPEG 2000 files allow users to save their files as the uncompressed RAW files, as well as sharable JPEGs.

WebP — Google introduced this file format to replace web mainstays like JPEG, PNG and GIF. WebP files support lossy and lossless compression.

TIFF — With their high resolutions, transparency and flexibility, TIFF files are a common file format for graphic design and high-resolution imagery. They offer creators a choice between lossy and lossless.